Toward a circular food economy

West Coast Reduction's organic recycling capacity plays a critical role in B.C.'s sustainable agriculture system

PETER KENTER Postmedia Content Works

All industries are focusing on their business models as they work to evolve to true sustainability. In British Columbia, the local agricultural sector is well on its way there, building a resilient and viable business model that minimizes waste, maximizes value and puts more local foods on family tables across the

province at lower prices. Vancouver-based West Coast Reduction Ltd. (WCRL) plays a critical role in completing that virtuous circle, ensuring that organic materials that would otherwise be disposed of as pre-consumer food waste are transformed into valuable products, from feedstock for renewable biofuels, to protein meal for agricultural feeds and pet foods, and raw material for fertilizers.

About 50 per cent of fish, beef, pork and poultry products are considered inedible by consumers. Since 1964, WCRL has been using its industrial-scale operations to process these materials and protein, which are then used by other industries.

What makes this circular



Vancouver-based WCRL plays a critical role in a circular economy, ensuring that organic materials that would otherwise be disposed of as pre-consumer food waste are transformed into valuable products. SUPPLIED

by willing partners who see its value.

"All participants, from separate them into oils and small farms and agri-businesses to end buyers of our takes a line item that would products are part of this process because it adds economy truly sustainable value to their enterprises," is that it isn't an artificial says Jared Girman, direc- allows them to keep food model created through tor of government relations prices low. Our customers, and bakeries. Redux refines

WCRL. "Our agricultural partners supply us with the products we need because we pay for them. It otherwise be a cost to the business and turns it into a profit centre. That revenue

them with products that are cooking oil annually. critical to their own supply chains'

Through its Redux program, WCRL also collects used cooking oils from restaurants, grocery chains, food service companies, food processing companies legislation, but one forged and strategic initiatives at in turn, rely on us to provide millions of pounds of used

The province's CleanBC mandate has set a goal of producing 650 million litres of renewable liquid fuel in are asking the company to supply, goals set by both the province and bio-fuel producers would be derailed.

Customers for WCRL's protein products would be similarly sidelined without a sustainable supply.

"They require not only a guarantee of quality, but also an assurance of traceability," says Girman. "They need to know in transparent fashion exactly how that protein was derived and who supplied it. That way, they always know what goes into the food you provide your dog, your cat or local farm animals."

The volume of waste material processed by WCRL each year is so significant that it would overwhelm the capacity of existing local waste infrastructure. WCRL currently processes 1 billion lbs. of waste in Western Canada annually — its Vancouver plant alone hanwaste produced in Great-

fills means these materials would have to be transported elsewhere by truck or rail for disposal.

If all of the waste prothe province annually. In cessed each year by WCRL's 2019 alone, WCRL supplied Port of Vancouver loca-232,000 tonnes of feedstock tion were landfilled or to bio-fuel producers, who composted, it would generate more than 120,000 supply twice as much go- tonnes of greenhouse gases, ing forward. Without that Girman says. In the future, the company will look to incorporate an anaerobic digestion system that would supply enough renewable natural gas to make its operations energy self-sufficient and better than carbon vneutral.

> WCRL is a member of the Sustainable Food Alliance of BC (SFABC), an agricultural sector association which promotes a sustainable model designed to minimize waste while ensuring the production of healthy local foods for future generations.

"The agriculture sector in BC is a textbook example of a fully-functional circular economic model," says Ken Ingram, executive director of SFA. "But without every part of the system in place, the sustainable model falls apart. Food prices would rise and we would need to find new sources of imported proteins. BC relies dles an amount equivalent heavily on the value chain to 59 per cent of the organic created by deriving value from pre-consumer organic er Vancouver each year. waste. If you took WCRL out However, a current ban of the equation, the regional on organics in local land- food system would suffer."



